

JEBRES ATLAS

What's happening in Jebres?

Jebres is a large Kelurahan and the eastern gateway to Solo. Many large institutions are located here. These include Universitas Salebas Maret, hospitals, and a new technology park. The University attracts many students, so Jebres is an area of fast-paced growth.



Jebres' Location in Solo

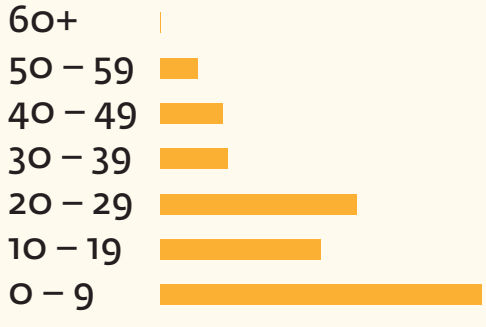
This Mini Atlas collects information about Jebres so everyone can see and understand what is going on. Information about the condition of services can help

JEBRES FAMILIES PROFILE

Population = 6,491
Households (HH) = 32,283
Average HH size = 4.9



Pop. by Age



people discuss what they want from the annual participatory budgeting process, the *musrenbang*. Our goal is to make citizens more informed about their communities.

ASSETS

What are Kelurahan assets?

- ✓ Economic activity of students and UNS
- ✓ Public health institutions
- ✓ Connections to city and region

What are potential issues?

- ✓ Inadequate infrastructure for large population in east Jebres
- ✓ Potential loss of public space
- ✓ Safety in student enclaves

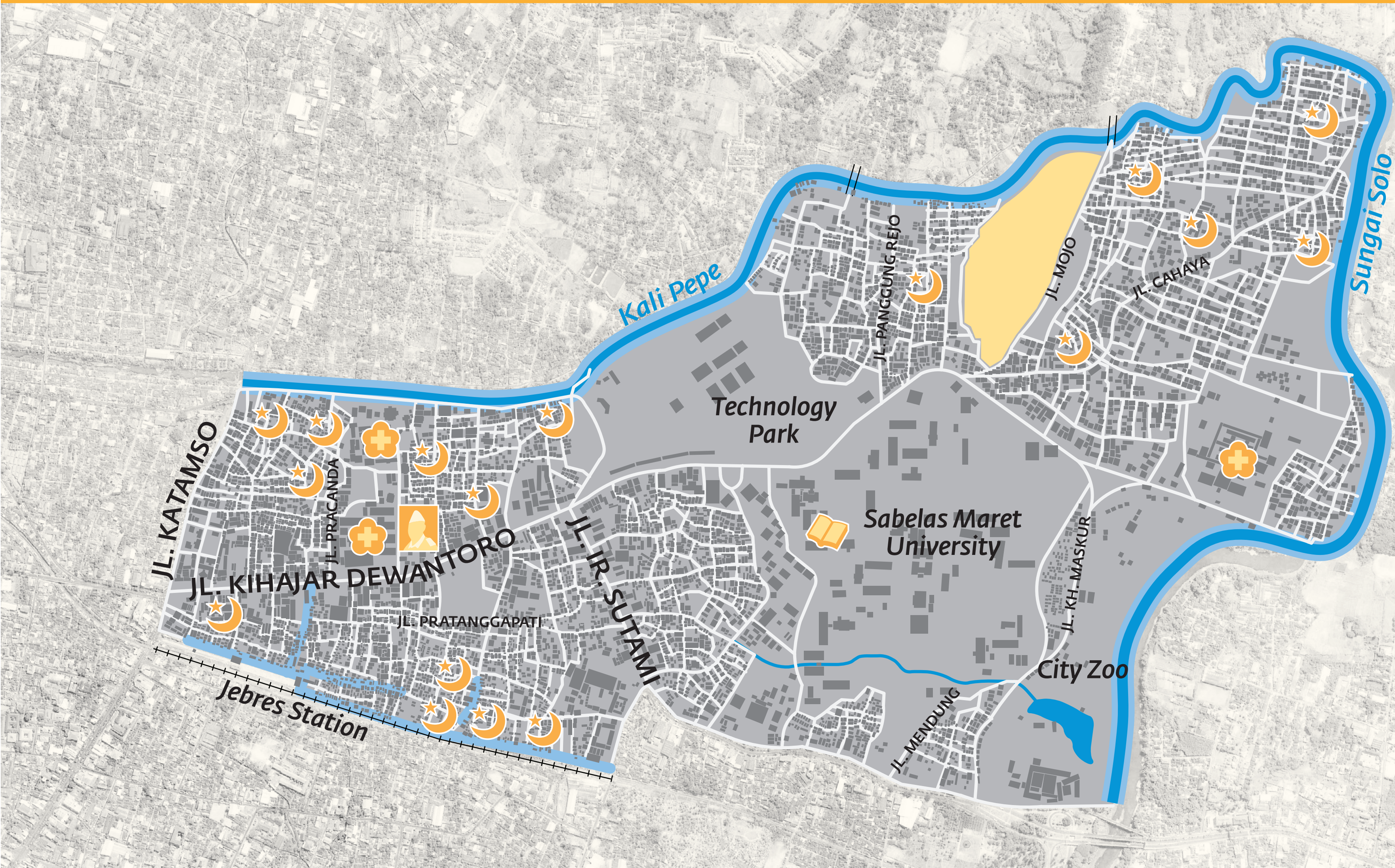


Panggung Rejo Market

Connections to Surabaya and the University make Jebres an area of fast-paced growth. This growth needs to be managed to assure there is adequate infrastructure and public space.



JEBRES NEIGHBORHOOD MAP



LEGEND

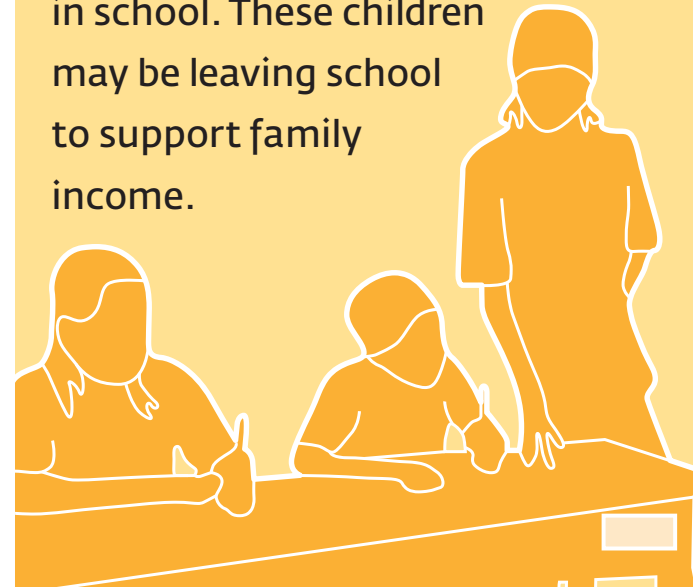
- Kantor Kelurahan (Community Center)
- Masjid
- School
- Hospital
- Cemetery
- Bridge
- Railroad
- Area of Flooding
- River

SOURCE: UO Kelurahan Survey, Google Earth, Bakosurtanal
DATE: Jun. 2010
www.solokotakita.org
PROJECT SPONSORS:



EDUCATION

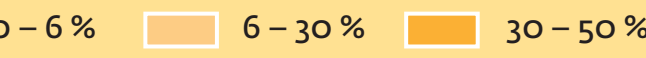
Out of 5,299 children of school going age, 230 are not in school. This is lower than the Kecamatan average of 6%. Even so, a higher proportion of children living near the railroad are not in school. These children may be leaving school to support family income.



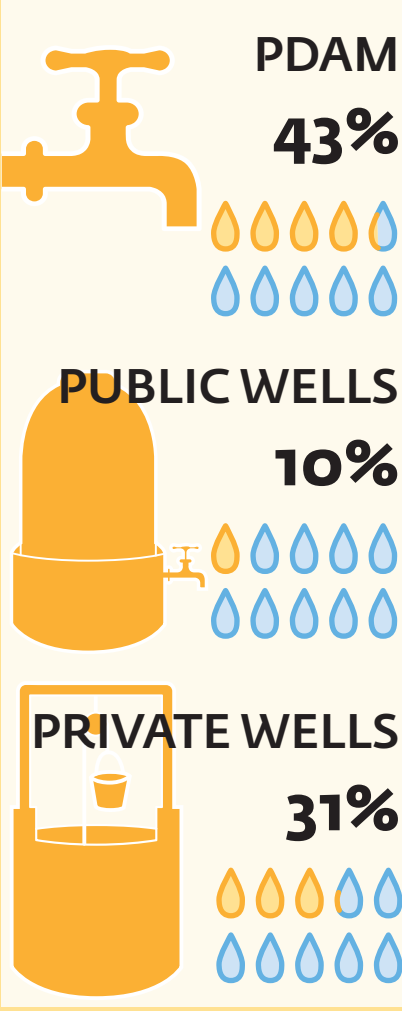
OUT OF SCHOOL 4% of children



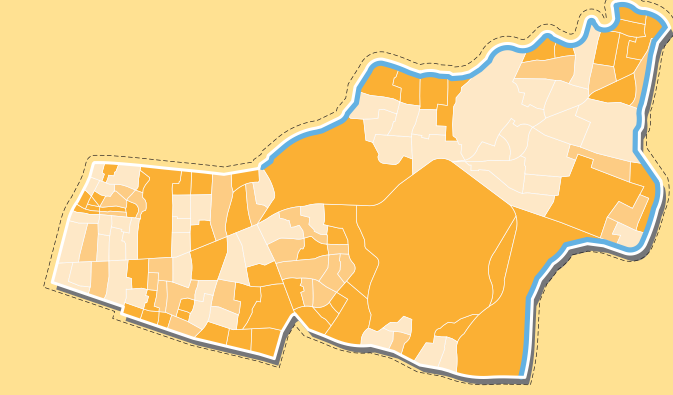
% AGE 7 - 18 NOT IN SCHOOL



WATER



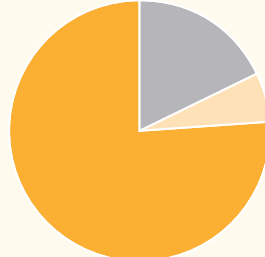
Jebres has many large hills and families must dig deep wells to access groundwater. Residents in the west have clean, fresh water. However, PDAM in the north uses river water. This is a concern for residents, who prefer bottled water.



% HOUSEHOLDS WITH PDAM

SANITATION

PUBLIC versus PRIVATE WC

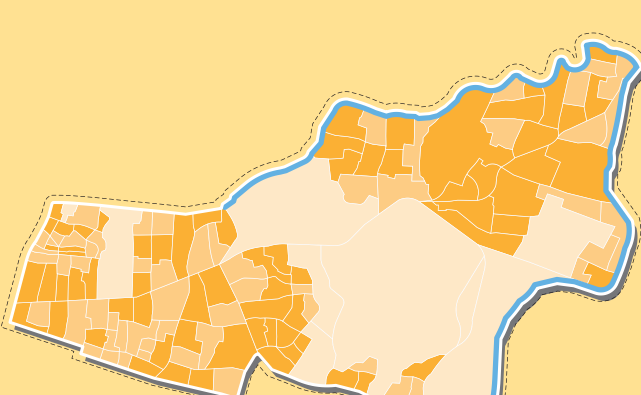


Public = 6%
Private = 76%
No Data = 18%

Private WC is used by 76% of families, which is higher than the Kec. average of 73%. Private WC reduces sanitation risks.



Is local drainage adequate near the large institutions? Especially in west Jebres near the hospital, there are isolated drainage issues.



% HOUSEHOLDS WITH PRIVATE WC

HOUSING

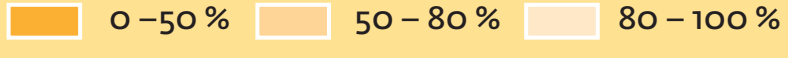
Land tenure is slightly lower than the Kec. average of 80%. Tenure is above average in the older area of settlement west of Jalan Ir. Sumati. It is also above average in the area with many student boarding houses. Tenure is low near the railroad and the river.



LAND TITLES = 77%

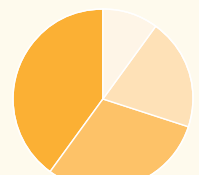


% HH WITH LAND TITLE



ECONOMY / POVERTY

TOP 4 OCCUPATIONS

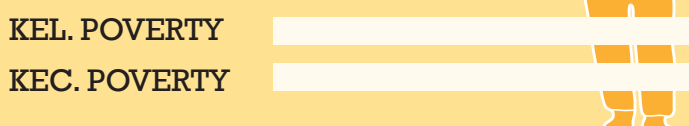


PNS = 10%
Entrepreneur = 20%
Laborer = 30%
Informal Worker = 40%

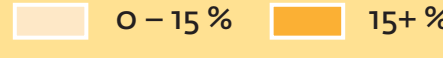
Jebres has the second lowest poverty level in the Kec. Vendors and other informal workers often create livelihoods around the public institutions.

POVERTY RATE = 13%

Poverty is lower than the Kecamatan rate, which is 15%.



% HOUSEHOLDS IN POVERTY



HEALTH

COMMON HEALTH PROBLEMS

- 1 - ISPA
- 2 - Dengue
- 3 - Diarrhea

There are high quality public health facilities in Jebres. Since there are so many public health workers, the community is well informed about health issues.

TOP HEALTH ISSUES

- 1 - Water quality
- 2 - Health risks from drainage and the river
- 3 - Lack of *posyandu* service for youth and elderly

